CHASE PROVINCIAL PARK

PURPOSE STATEMENT AND ZONING PLAN

March 2003

Approved by:

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Date: March 31/03

CHASE PROVINCIAL PARK Purpose Statement and Zoning Plan

Chase Provincial Park encompasses the watershed of Tomias and Carina lakes. Located in a north - south oriented valley, this 36,195 ha of unroaded wilderness includes rich riparian areas and provides high habitat values for lake trout, caribou and moose.

Primary Role

The primary role of the park is to conserve high habitat values for lake trout, caribou and moose, and to contribute to the representation of the Northern Omineca Mountains and Southern Omineca Mountains ecosections.

Secondary Role

The secondary role of the park is to provide wilderness recreation opportunities, including fishing, hunting and hiking.

Known Management Issues	Response
Considerable time was spent at the	Undertake discussions with the Mayor of Mackenzie,
LRMP reviewing three road options for	the Chief of the Tsay Key, appropriate agencies and
the Chase Protected Area. After many	LRMP table participants to ensure all parties are
months, the table decided that the values	aware of the impacts that a road would have on the
of the park would be adversely	park.
compromised by the establishment of a	
road through the centre of it. Recently	
the Mayor of Mackenzie and the Chief	
of the Tsay Key have indicated a desire	
to revisit the decision. The possibility	
of a road bisecting the park would pose	
a high threat to the ecological integrity	
of the park and could greatly impact	
core fisheries and caribou values	
The lake trout fishery is considered	Monitor road construction on adjacent lands and take
regionally significant due to its	necessary actions to ensure fishery values in the park
unroaded access. Impacts to the fishery	are not negatively impacted.
resulting from road construction	
(siltation and over-fishing) were	
presented as a major concern by	
fisheries biologists. Air access is also a	
concern. Lake trout are significant due	
to the large, unexploited population size.	
The Environmental Stewardship	
Division has evaluated this lake as a	
possible source of brood stock for a lake	
trout stocking program.	

	N 1
Forest Health - A few incidents of	Monitored mountain pine beetle in the park and take
mountain pine beetle were identified at	appropriate management actions to ensure the
the southern end of Carina Lake in the	caribou habitat values are not compromised.
summer of 2002.	
The Chase caribou herd has been listed	Continue involvement with the recovery options for
by COSEWIC as endangered and is part	the Chase caribou herd.
of the Northern Cariboo Recovery	Liaise with ongoing researchers to ensure current
Strategy.	research information is made available to appropriate
	staff.
	Limit recreational use of snowmobiles within the
	Winter Range during the active period of use by
	caribou.
	Implement Ungulate Winter Range Objectives:
	Manage Pine Lichen Winter Range so that 45-
	55% is 0 – 70 years old and 45-55% is 70 –
	140 years old. Included within a sustainable
	supply of 45 to 55% PLWR is a 15% buffer
	against natural disturbance such as fire or
	bark beetle outbreaks. Expectation of natural
	disturbance beyond 15% needs to be
Tany V ov First Nations	considered in long term planning.
Tsay Key First Nations	Recognize traditional uses of hunting, fishing and
	gathering within the park. Liaise with First Nations to
	conduct inventory of cultural values.
Management Plan Direction	Commercial recreation guiding and aircraft landing
	were deferred to a park planning process for
	resolution. In the interim, an aircraft closure is
	recommended.

Zoning:

The entirety of Chase Park is zoned Wilderness Recreation to provide backcountry recreation opportunities dependent on a pristine environment and to protect significant wildlife habitat.

CONSERVATION

(2nd behind Omineca)...

Representation

ecosection

Situated in the Northern Omineca Mountains Ecosection. 10.1% of this ecosection is protected. Chase is one of 3 protected areas contributing to the representation of this ecosection. Chase contributes 13.4% of the overall protected areas system representation of this ecosection (2nd behind Finlay-Russell).

Situated in the Southern Omineca Mountains Ecosection. 14.3% of this ecosection is protected. Chase is one of 3 protected areas contributing to the representation of this ecosection. Chase contributes 13.4% of the overall protected areas system representation of this ecosection

 biogeoclimatic subzone/variant X Contributes to the representation of 4 subzone/variants. The most significant is to the ESSFmv4. 8.3% of this variant is protected and Chase contributes 12.9% of the overall protected areas system representation of this variant.

BWBSdk1 – 22% protected; Chase contributes 1% ESSFmv3 – 7% protected; Chase contributes 4% SWBmk – 22% protected; Chase contributes 0.6%

Special Feature

X Large unroaded watershed

Rare/Endangered Values

X Chase caribou herd is part of the Northern Caribou Recovery Strategy.

Scientific/Research Opportunities

X Continue involvement with the recovery options for the Chase caribou herd

RECREATION

Representation:

backcountry

Outstanding wilderness fishing opportunities.

destinationtravel corridor

n/a

local recreation

n/a n/a

Special Opportunities

Education/Interpretation Opportunities

CULTURAL HERITAGE

Representation

Unknown

Special Feature

OTHER MANAGEMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Other Designations

Relationship to Other PAs

Co-operative Management Arrangements

Partnerships

Vulnerability The Conservation Risk Assessment Process identified 2

risk factors (the shape and the size of the park) for the park

and rated them as moderately significant. Four stressors/threats were identified for the park: Fire suppression was rated as moderately significant; and

poaching, snowmachine and forest harvesting activity were

all rated as low significance.

Relationship to Other

Strategies

Established through the Mackenzie LRMP.

Area: 36,195 hectares

Date of establishment: April 11, 2001

