GIBSON MARINE PROVINCIAL PARK

PURPOSE STATEMENT AND ZONING PLAN

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Approved by:

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GIBSON MARINE PROVINCIAL PARK Purpose Statement and Zoning Plan

Primary Role

The **primary** role of Gibson Marine Park is to provide remote wilderness recreational activities such as camping, swimming, hiking, kayaking, fishing, nature and culture appreciation, and soaking in the warm springs. Located on the south side of Flores Island off the west coast of Vancouver Island, the park is along the travel corridor to Hot Springs Cove, a popular tourist destination. The features of Gibson Marine Park include a warm spring pool and beaches of Whitesand Cove, where wilderness camping is possible. A safe anchorage in Matilda Inlet is nearby and a connecting trail from the inlet provides access to the park. The longer Ahousat Wild Side Heritage Trail, that starts at the village of Marktosis, passes through Gibson Marine Park, and ends up at Cow Bay in Flores Island Park, provides an opportunity to hike through old growth Sitka spruce forest and on pristine coastal beaches as well as to gain an understanding and appreciation of the cultural heritage of Clayoquot Sound.

Gibson Marine Park's location and features combine to meet the protected areas system recreation goals of providing key destinations, enhancing tourism travel routes, and ensuring access to local recreation opportunities.

Secondary Role

The **secondary** role is to protect cultural features. Clayoquot Sound has a vibrant First Nations heritage, both past and present. Beaches were popular gathering and village sites and are found in many of the protected areas in Clayoquot Sound. The park is rich in First Nations sites and post-contact sites that capture glimpses of the past. Post-contact history includes a historic battle between Europeans and First Nations, a Union Steamship Lines stop, and farming and settlement patterns of the Gibson family.

Tertiary Role

The **tertiary** role is to protect and present special values such as geothermal and geological features. The park protects a warm spring and its associated hot temperature ecosystem. The upland warm springs provides a focus for recreation and tourism to both visitors to and residents of Clayoquot Sound.

Known Management Issue	Response	
Lack of knowledge of natural values	 Encourage researchers to conduct a rare elements inventory. 	
Lack of public awareness of cultural and natural values	 In conjunction with First Nations, develop interpretative information on park values and appropriate behaviour. Enhance conservation and cultural heritage information on website. 	
Access to and management of the Wild	Work with Ahousaht First Nation and private owners	

Management Issues

Side Trail		to complete trail access and in managing the trail.
Impact on park values as a result of	\succ	Implement BRIM and upgrade trail and signage.
increased level of use by kayak campers –	≻	If use increases in the park, provide information on
site degradation, habituation of wildlife,		proper human waste disposal procedures. Provide
impacts on cultural sites and unusual plant community in dune area		sanitary facilities only as warranted by the volume of use.
,	≻	Develop recreation plan (for all Clayoquot Sound
		protected areas) to develop strategy for visitor
		facilities and public information on appropriate
		behaviours. Work with First Nations where
		appropriate.
	\succ	
		high quality experience.
Development of surrounding forest lands	\succ	Work with Ministry of Forests and industry to ensure
and impacts on park values and scenic values		protection of park values and visual resources.
Relationships with First Nations and	\checkmark	Develop good working relationships with First
pending treaty settlements		Nations to gain an understanding and appreciation of
		protected area status and park values.
	\succ	Liaise with Central Region Board (CRB) to inform
		them of management issues in the park.
Participation in Biosphere Reserve	\checkmark	Work with Biosphere Foundation, Clayoquot
		Biosphere Trust and CRB to ensure the
		Environmental Stewardship Division's perspective is
		taken into account in Biosphere activities and
		projects.

Zoning

Natural Environment Zone – covers the entire park to reflect the conservation and recreation values. The objective of this zone is to protect scenic values and to provide recreation opportunities in a largely undisturbed natural environment.

Conservation					
Representation - ecosection		Very minimal contribution (0.07%) to the representation of the Windward Island Mountains Ecosection (WIM), which is well protected with 17.4%			
- biogeoclimatic subzone/variant		Minimal contribution of 0.16% to the representation of CWHvh1 which is well protected provincially with 19.3%			
Special Features	\boxtimes	Geothermal features, old growth Sitka spruce, marbled murrelets, dunes			
Rare/Endangered Values	\boxtimes	Red-listed marbled murrelet			
Scientific/Research Opportunities		None known at this time			
Recreation					
Representation backcountry destination		Not Applicable Use of hot springs, destination area for sea kayakers, sheltered anchorage in Matilda Inlet			
travel corridor	\boxtimes	On the kayak route from Tofino to Hot Springs Cove			
local recreation	\boxtimes	Use of the Ahousat Wild Side Heritage Trail			
Special Opportunities	\boxtimes	Hot springs, marine wildlife viewing, First Nation guided walks			
Education/Interpretation Opportunities	\square	Natural and cultural features			
Cultural Heritage					
Representation		Post-contact history focused on warm springs, settlement by the Gibson family and donation of 17 hectares of land surrounding the spring by the family			
Special Feature		First Nations sites, culturally modified trees, post-contact: Matilda Inlet was the site of a historic battle ground in 1864			
Other Management Considerations					
Other Designations	\boxtimes	Part of Clayoquot Sound Biosphere Reserve			
Relationship to other PAs	\boxtimes	Part of a system of protected areas in Clayoquot Sound, marine component protected as part of Flores Island Park, complements recreation			

Co-operative Management Arrangements		opportunities in Flores Island Park. This was the first marine park on the west coast of Vancouver Island.
	\boxtimes	Covered by the Interim Measurements Extension Agreement with the Central Region Board
Partnerships	\square	Possible partnerships with Biosphere Foundation and Clayoquot Biosphere Trust
Vulnerability	\boxtimes	Vulnerable to recreation use and adjacency issues from forest development, community and First Nation relations/treaty
Relationship to other Strategies		Interim Measures Extension Agreement; Clayoquot Sound Scientific Panel Watershed Reserve Plans; Marine Protected Areas Strategy
Area: 143 hectares		

Date of establishment: November 30, 1967

