## Annual Report South Beach Water System

located in Golden Ears Provincial Park

for the period:

January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022

This water system is owned by:

#### The BC Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Strategy

and operated by:

**Alouette Park Management Ltd.** 

Questions or requests for further information about this report should be directed to:



#### **Alouette Park Management Ltd.**

PO Box 206 Maple Ridge, BC V2X 7G1 (604) 466-8325

office@alouetteparks.ca

This report was prepared on: March 16, 2023

This annual report contains a summary of Bacteriological Water Quality Results for the South Beach Water System during the period described above, and any other information required by the Environmental Health Officer.

Reporting Period: January 1st to December 31st, (year)  Water System  Water System Owner  Primary Contact Name (operator or Manager)  Phone Number (operator or Manager)  E-mail (operator or Manager)  DESCRIBE YOUR WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM  What is the Source(s) of Raw Water?   Deep Well   Shallow Well   Surface Water   Other   If other, specify details:  Does the Drinking Water System have Primary Disinfection?   Yes   No     Chlorination   Ultraviolet Light   Ozone   Other   If other, specify details:  Does the Drinking Water System have Secondary Disinfection?   Yes   No     Chlorination   Other   If other, specify details:  Does the Drinking Water System have Filtration?   Yes   No     Chlorination   Other   If other, specify details:  Does the Drinking Water System have Filtration?   Yes   No     Check all boxes that apply   Carbon Filter   Sand Filtration   Reverse Osmosis   Other     If other, specify details:  PUBLIC REPORTING  Emergency Response & Contingency Plan (ERCP)   Syour ERCP up to Date?   Yes   No     How do you Inform the System Users of the ERCP?   Hand Delivered   Sulletin Board   Newspaper   Utility Bill Insert   Website     Other (specify details)   Other (specify details)   Other   System Users of the Annual Report?     Hand Delivered   Sulletin Board   Newspaper   Utility Bill Insert   Website	DRINKING WATER SYST	EM ANNUAL REPORT			
Water System Owner  Primary Contact Name (Operator or Manager)  Phone Number (Operator or Manager)  E-mail (Operator or Manager)  E-mail (Operator or Manager)    Describe Your Water Supply System   Shallow Well   Surface Water   Other     If other, specify details:    Does the Drinking Water System have Primary Disinfection?   Yes   No     Chlorination   Ultraviolet Light   Ozone   Other     If other, specify details:    Does the Drinking Water System have Secondary Disinfection?   Yes   No     Chlorination   Other     If other, specify details:    Does the Drinking Water System have Filtration?   Yes   No     Check all boxes that apply     Cartridge Filter(s)   Carbon Filter   Sand Filtration   Reverse Osmosis   Other     If other, specify details:    PUBLIC REPORTING     Syour ERCP up to Date?   Yes   No     How do you Inform the System Users of the ERCP?     Hand Delivered   Bulletin Board   Newspaper   Utility Bill Insert   Website     Other (specify details)     Drinking Water System Annual Report     Hand Delivered   Bulletin Board   Newspaper   Utility Bill Insert   Website     Other   Bulletin Board   Newspaper   Utility Bill Insert   Website	Reporting Period:		January 1 <sup>st</sup> to Decer	mber 31 <sup>st</sup> , (year)	
Primary Contact Name (Operator or Manager)  Phone Number (Operator or Manager)  E-mail (Operator or Manager)  E-mail (Operator or Manager)    Describe Your Water Supply System	Water System				
Phone Number (Operator or Manager)  E-mail (Operator or Manager)    Describe Your Water Supply System	Water System Owne	er			
E-mail (Operator or Manager)    DESCRIBE YOUR WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM	Primary Contact Nar	ne (Operator or Manager)			
DESCRIBE YOUR WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM  What is the Source(s) of Raw Water?   Deep Well	Phone Number (Opera	ator or Manager)			
What is the Source(s) of Raw Water?   Deep Well	E-mail (Operator or Mana	ager)			
What is the Source(s) of Raw Water?    Deep Well					
Deep Well	DESCRIBE YOUR WATER	SUPPLY SYSTEM			
If other, specify details:    Does the Drinking Water System have Primary Disinfection?   Yes   No	What is the Source(s	s) of Raw Water?			
Does the Drinking Water System have Primary Disinfection?	☐ Deep Well	☐ Shallow Well	☐ Surface Water	☐ Other	
Chlorination   Ultraviolet Light   Ozone   Other     If other, specify details:	If other, specify deta	ils:			
If other, specify details:    Does the Drinking Water System have Secondary Disinfection?   Yes	Does the Drinking W	/ater System have Prim	ary Disinfection?	☐ Yes	□ No
Does the Drinking Water System have Secondary Disinfection?	☐ Chlorination	Ultraviolet Light	Ozone	☐ Other	
Chlorination   Other   If other, specify details:    Does the Drinking Water System have Filtration?	If other, specify deta	ils:			
If other, specify details:    Does the Drinking Water System have Filtration?	Does the Drinking W	/ater System have Seco	ndary Disinfection?	☐ Yes	□No
Does the Drinking Water System have Filtration?	☐ Chlorination	□Other			
Check all boxes that apply  Cartridge Filter(s)	If other, specify deta	ils:			
Cartridge Filter(s)	Does the Drinking W	/ater System have Filtro	ation?	☐ Yes	□No
PUBLIC REPORTING   Public Reporting   Public Report   Public	Check all boxes that appl	ly			
PUBLIC REPORTING  Emergency Response & Contingency Plan (ERCP)  Is your ERCP up to Date?	☐ Cartridge Filter(s)	☐ Carbon Filter	☐ Sand Filtration	☐ Reverse Osmosis	☐ Other
Emergency Response & Contingency Plan (ERCP)  Is your ERCP up to Date?	If other, specify deta	ils:			
Emergency Response & Contingency Plan (ERCP)  Is your ERCP up to Date?					
Is your ERCP up to Date?	PUBLIC REPORTING				
How do you Inform the System Users of the ERCP?  Hand Delivered Bulletin Board Newspaper Utility Bill Insert Website Other (specify details)  Drinking Water System Annual Report How do you Inform the System Users of the Annual Report?  Hand Delivered Bulletin Board Newspaper Utility Bill Insert Website	<b>Emergency Respons</b>	e & Contingency Plan (	ERCP)		
☐ Hand Delivered ☐ Bulletin Board ☐ Newspaper ☐ Utility Bill Insert ☐ Website   ☐ Other (specify details)    Drinking Water System Annual Report  How do you Inform the System Users of the Annual Report?  ☐ Hand Delivered ☐ Bulletin Board ☐ Newspaper ☐ Utility Bill Insert ☐ Website	Is your ERCP up to D	ate?	☐ Yes	□ No	
☐ Other (specify details)  Drinking Water System Annual Report  How do you Inform the System Users of the Annual Report?  ☐ Hand Delivered ☐ Bulletin Board ☐ Newspaper ☐ Utility Bill Insert ☐ Website	How do you Inform	the System Users of the	ERCP?		
Drinking Water System Annual Report  How do you Inform the System Users of the Annual Report?  Hand Delivered Bulletin Board Newspaper Utility Bill Insert Website	☐ Hand Delivered	☐ Bulletin Board	□ Newspaper	☐ Utility Bill Insert	☐ Website
How do you Inform the System Users of the Annual Report?  Hand Delivered Bulletin Board Newspaper Utility Bill Insert Website	☐ Other (specify det	tails)			
☐ Hand Delivered ☐ Bulletin Board ☐ Newspaper ☐ Utility Bill Insert ☐ Website	Drinking Water System Annual Report				
	How do you Inform	the System Users of the	Annual Report?		
Other (specify details)	☐ Hand Delivered	☐ Bulletin Board	□ Newspaper	Utility Bill Insert	☐ Website
	Other (specify det	tails)			
	Revised June 2014				

COMPLIANCE V	WITH OPERATING	PERMIT				
List the conditions of your Operating Permit (Contact the DWO for a copy if needed):						
	.,	, ,	•	,,	•	
Are you in co	mpliance with	h your Operati	ng Permit?	☐ Yes	□No	
BACTERIOLOGI	CAL TESTING ANI	DRINKING WA	TER PROTECTION REGULAT	ION WATER QUALIT	y Standards	
How many b	acteriological	samples were	collected during this r	eporting period?		
What is the i	minimum requ	iired sampling	frequency for this syst	em? (#samples/n	nonth)	
Additional sa	impling details	:				
Was the min	imum require	d sampling fre	quency achieved?	☐ Yes	☐ No	
Comments:						
Bacteriologic	cal summary a	ttached to this	s report?	☐ Yes	□No	
If no, how do	o the users of t	the system vie	w the results?			
WATER QUALI	TY <b>S</b> TANDARDS F	OR POTABLE WA	ATER			
Parameter:		Standard	l:	Did t	his system meet standard?	
Escherichia c		No detecta	ble <i>Escherichia coli</i> per 100r	ml Ye	es 🗌 No	
(for all samples) Total Coliforn						
(if only 1 sample day period)	e collected in a 30	No detecta	ble total coliform bacteria p	per 100ml Ye	es 🗌 No	
Total Coliform Bacteria No more than 10% of samples contain total				total	——————————————————————————————————————	
(if more than 1:	cample collected					
30 day period)	sample collected i		acteria, <b>and</b> No sample has r liform bacteria per 100ml	more than $\square Y \epsilon$	es 🗌 No	
30 day period)	· 	10 total col	liform bacteria per 100ml			
30 day period)  If the system	n did not meet	10 total col	liform bacteria per 100ml  Drinking Water Protec		es No candards, record the results in	
30 day period)  If the system the table bel	did not meet low; attach ad	10 total col	liform bacteria per 100ml  Drinking Water Protects if necessary.	tion Regulation st	andards, record the results in	
30 day period)  If the system	n did not meet	10 total col	liform bacteria per 100ml  Drinking Water Protects if necessary.		andards, record the results in	
30 day period)  If the system the table bel	did not meet low; attach ad	10 total col	liform bacteria per 100ml  Drinking Water Protects if necessary.	tion Regulation st	andards, record the results in	
30 day period)  If the system the table bel	did not meet low; attach ad	10 total col	liform bacteria per 100ml  Drinking Water Protects if necessary.	tion Regulation st	andards, record the results in	
30 day period)  If the system the table bel	did not meet low; attach ad	10 total col	liform bacteria per 100ml  Drinking Water Protects if necessary.	tion Regulation st	andards, record the results in	
30 day period)  If the system the table bel	did not meet low; attach ad	10 total col	liform bacteria per 100ml  Drinking Water Protects if necessary.	tion Regulation st	andards, record the results in	

CHEMICAL SAM	CHEMICAL SAMPLING COMPLETED DURING THIS REPORTING PERIOD					
Was any chei	mical sampling c	onducted during re	eporting	period?	□No	
•	If no, when were the last chemical samples conducted for this system?  If yes, did all water samples meet the Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality?					
(date)	☐ Don't K	now 🗌 Never		☐Yes	□No	
	•	meet the Guideline ional sheets if nece	-	nadian Drinking Water Q	Quality, record the results in	
Parameter	Result	Corrective Actio	n / Trea	atment / Comments		
		-				
ADDITIONAL TE	STING					
Does the syst	em have analyz	ers for continuous	monito	ring?	□No	
If yes, check o	all boxes that ap	ply:				
☐ Chlorine	☐Turl	oidity	Other (	details)		
Are the result	ts available on re	equest?				
If any additional testing or sampling was conducted, record results in the table below; attach additional sheets if necessary.						
Additional Te	esting & Reason	for Sampling C	Correctiv	ve Action Taken		
WATER QUALIT	Y COMPLAINTS					
Were there any water quality complaints in this reporting Period? (e.g. taste, odour, colour etc.)						
If yes, complete the table below; attach additional sheets if necessary.						
Date Water Quality Complaint Corrective Action / Treatment						
	•					

Revised June 2014

OPERATIONAL PR					
period? (e.g. in	Were there any operational problems during this reporting  period? (e.g. insufficient water supply, malfunction of Yes No  disinfection equipment, line breaks, elevated turbidity etc.).				
If yes, complete	e the table below; att	ach additional she	ets if necessar	y.	
Incident Date	Type of Operational	Problem Corr	ective Action	Taken	i
Major Upgrade	ES/REPAIRS & EXPENSES				
_	y major upgrades/rep g this reporting period		osts [	☐ Yes	□No
If yes, complete	e the table below; att	ach additional she	ets if necessar	y.	
Major Upgrade	es/Expenses	Details			
Improvements	required by DWO				
Additions/chan	ges to system				
Purchase or ins	tall new equipment				
Equipment rep	air or replacement				
Annual mainte	nance of system				
Specialist repor	t				
Other					
FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS					
Are there any plans for future improvements?				] Yes	□No
If yes, complete	If yes, complete the table below; attach additional sheets if necessary.				
Future Upgrades or Improvements Estimated Date of Completion				<b>Estimated Date of Completion</b>	
			1		
DATE COMPLETE	D:		COMPLETED B	Υ:	
SAIL COMPLETED.					

#### Sample Range Report

Fraser Health Authority

Facility Name: Date Range:

Golden Ears Provincial Park - South Beach WS

Jan 1 2022 to Dec 31 2022

Operator

Park Operator

Alouette Park Management

POBox 206

Maple Ridge, BC V2X 7G1

Sampling Site	Date Collected	Total Coliform	E. Coli	Fecal Coliform
AUDIT Standpipe Near Washrooms, 24480 Fern Cr				
<u>24460 Fem Cr</u>	4-19-2022 8;30:00 AM	QRWRT	QRWRT	
	Total Positive:	0	0	0
Standpipe Near				
Washrooms, 24480 Fern Cr				
7 001 01	4-4-2022 8:49:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	4-5-2022 8:40:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	4-11-2022 8:20:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	4-19-2022 8:45:00 AM	QRWRT	QRWRT	
	4-25-2022 8:40:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	5-2-2022 9:05:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	5-9-2022 8:15:00 AM	LT1	ĹŤÍ	
	5-16-2022 8:28:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	5-24-2022 8:50:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	6-6-2022 9:10:00 AM	QRWRT	QRWRT	
	6-13-2022 9:00:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	6-20-2022 8:45:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	6-27-2022 8:55:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	7-4-2022 8:00:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	7-11-2022 11:55:00 AM	LT1	ĹŤÍ	
	7-18-2022 8:35:00 AM	1	LT1	
	7-26-2022 9:20:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
	8-2-2022 8:50:00 AM		QRWRT	

8-8-2022 8:40:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
8-15-2022 9:07:00	QRWRT	QRWRT	
AM			
8-22-2022 9:30:00	LT1	LT1	
AM			
9-6-2022 9:07:00 AM	LT1	LT1	
9-12-2022 9:00:00	LT1	LT1	
AM			
9-20-2022 8:45:00	LT1	LT1	
AM			
9-26-2022 8:32:00	1	LT1	
AM			
10-4-2022 9:10:00	LT1	LT1	
АM			
10-11-2022 9:00:00	LT1	LT1	
AM		<u></u>	
Total Positive:	2	0	

0

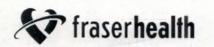
ed	L - less than	G - greater than
2 0 0 0 0		7.14% of total 0.00% of total 0.00% of total
	2 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 0

#### Comments:

Environmental Health Officer

Feb 27 2023

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CALL: Heather Slater (604) 870-7900



### DRINKING WATER INSPECTION REPORT

**Health Protection** 

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GO!	with Beach	W.S.	Par	K.	20 NEXT II 20	TION DATE (yyyy/mmm/dd):  2 2 Apr / 9  ISPECTION DATE (yyyy/mmm/dd):  2 3 Apr / 20
LI INEW	CEU KUNDE	cs			100	ew Tel: ( ) ew Fax: ( )
□ NEW	EMERGENCY CONTACT:					ew Tel: ( ) ew Fax: ( )
FACILITY	TYPE:		INSPECTI	ON TYPE:		
☐ WS2		public connection) her)	☐ Initial Routir ☐ Follow		<ul><li>☐ Consultation</li><li>☐ Sampling</li><li>☐ Investigation</li></ul>	□ Follow Up to Lab Report □ Water Quality Complaint □ Water Borne Illness Complaint
ACTION 1	TAKEN:				OTHER IN	FORMATION:
□ No Ad	RATIVE mation Provided ction Required iit Issued ind Public Notification	Require Co  Ticket Issue  Written Ord  Order Publi	orrections ed		EOCP (oper Acceptable ERCP (emer	Routine Inspection)  Yes No N/A ator certification)  SWS Training gency plan) ort Provided to Users
	HAZARD RATING FO			☐ Hig		derate Low
		critical" Violatio	ons Noted o	on Previo	us Inspections	if applicable)
Code	Corrected?			Code	Corrected?	<b>经验证证明</b>
	☐ Yes ☐ No				☐ Yes ☐	No
	☐ Yes ☐ No				☐ Yes ☐	No No
Code	Explanation of V	iolations, Reco	mmendatio	ons or Co	omments	(✓) Corrected Date To Be During Insp. Corrected By
	Good well of - and for - locked of Spring dis completed.  Audit son	orage infect	un un	rit a	pang horsing	
RECEIVED	BY (Signature)		E	EHO (Signatu	re):	



Element #104, 19575-55 A Ave. Surrey, British Columbia V3S 8P8, Canada

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E: info.vancouver@element.com

W: www.element.com

**Analytical Report** 

Bill To: Alouette Park Management Ltd

PO Box 206

Maple Ridge, BC, Canada

V3S 8P8

Attn: Stu Burgess

Project Location: LSD:

Project ID: Project Name: Chem

APM2022

GE & RL Prov Parks

P.O.:

1581979

Lot ID: 1581979 Control Number:

Date Received: Jun 30, 2022 Date Reported: Jul 6, 2022

Report Number: 2763227

Sampled By: Stu Burgess Company: Alouette Park Management

Reference Number

Proj. Acct. code:

1581979-2 June 30, 2022

Sample Date Sample Time 07:45

Sample Location

**Sample Description** 

GE-SB / GE Main Beach / 19.5 °C

Sample Matrix

**Drinking Water** 

		Sample Watrix	Dilliking water			
Analyte		Units	Result	Nominal Detection Limit	Guideline Limit	Guideline Comments
Metals Extractable						
Aluminum	Extractable	mg/L	0.001	0.001	0.1 OG; 2.9 MAC	Below OG
Antimony	Extractable	mg/L	0.00003	0.00002	0.006	Below MAC
Arsenic	Extractable	mg/L	< 0.0001	0.0001	0.010	Below MAC
Barium	Extractable	mg/L	0.0023	0.0001	2.0	Below MAC
Boron	Extractable	mg/L	0.003	0.002	5	Below MAC
Cadmium	Extractable	mg/L	0.00001	0.00001	0.007	Below MAC
Chromium	Extractable	mg/L	< 0.00005	0.00005	0.05	Below MAC
Copper	Extractable	mg/L	0.026	0.0005	1 AO; 2 MAC	Below AO
Lead	Extractable	mg/L	0.00051	0.00001	0.005	Below MAC
Selenium	Extractable	mg/L	< 0.0002	0.0002	0.05	Below MAC
Strontium	Extractable	mg/L	0.019	0.0001	7.0	Below MAC
Uranium	Extractable	mg/L	0.00002	0.00001	0.02	Below MAC
Vanadium	Extractable	mg/L	0.00005	0.00005		
Zinc	Extractable	mg/L	0.18	0.0005	5.0	Below AO
Physical and Aggregat	e Properties					
Colour	True	Colour units	<5	5		
Turbidity		NTU	2.55	0.1	0.1/0.3/1.0 OG	
Routine Water						
pH - Holding Time			Exceeded			
рН	at 25 °C		7.24	0.01	7.0-10.5	Within Range
Electrical Conductivity		μS/cm at 25 °C	88	1		
Calcium	Extractable	mg/L	8.9	0.01		
Iron	Extractable	mg/L	0.17	0.004	0.3	Below AO
Magnesium	Extractable	mg/L	1.3	0.02		
Manganese	Extractable	mg/L	0.006	0.001	0.02 AO; 0.12 MAC	Below AO
Potassium	Extractable	mg/L	1.1	0.04		
Silicon	Extractable	mg/L	8.4	0.005		
Sodium	Extractable	mg/L	3.1	0.1	200	Below AO
T-Alkalinity	as CaCO3	mg/L	30	5		
Chloride	Dissolved	mg/L	1.09	0.05	250	Below AO
Fluoride	Dissolved	mg/L	0.06	0.01	1.5	Below MAC
Nitrate - N	Dissolved	mg/L	0.04	0.01	10	Below MAC
Nitrite - N	Dissolved	mg/L	<0.01	0.01	1	Below MAC
Sulfate (SO4)	Dissolved	mg/L	9.4	0.1	500	Below AO
Hardness	as CaCO3 (extractable)	mg/L	28	1		
Total Dissolved Solids	Extractable	mg/L	66	1	500	Below AO

## Alouette Park Management Ltd. Emergency Response & Contingency Plan Golden Ears Provincial Park Water Systems

Water System Name: Golden Ears Provincial Park - South Beach Day Use Area

Date Completed/Revised: October 28, 2022

#### **EMERGENCY PROCEDURES**

#### Bacterial Contamination of Water Supply - E. Coli

In the event of bacterial contamination of the water system by E. Coli bacteria, the following steps shall be taken:

- 1. Contact Fraser Health (FH) Environmental Health Officer for consultation.
- 2. Notify water system Level II Operator.
- 3. Issue FH Approved Boil Water Notice by posting signs at all water taps, both at standpipes at beach area and Alouette Group Campgrounds, and in washrooms.
- 4. Investigate any recent changes to the water system, including assessing the condition of wellhead, pressure tanks, water quality (colour, turbidity), and water pressure.
- 5. Contact appropriate services for maintenance/repair of the water system. Take any corrective action required. Record actions taken in water system log book.
- 6. Resample water supply upon consultation with Environmental Health Officer.
- 7. Further action may be required pending resampling results.
- 8. Boil Water Advisory is to continue until 2 sample results taken not less than 24 hours apart are negative for both E. Coli and total coliform. Environmental Health Officer must provide verbal or written approval prior to rescinding Boil Water Advisory, and written approval must be obtained later if verbal approval is given first.

Note: If Park Operator (PO) is not able to contact staff from Fraser Health, PO must issue "Boil Water Notice" immediately.

#### **Bacterial Contamination of Water Supply – Total Coliform**

In the event of bacterial contamination of the water supply by coliform:

- 1. Contact Fraser Health Environmental Health Officer for consultation
  - a. If positive sample is one of consecutive positive samples, or if high number of totals detected in sample, then a Boil Water Notice may be required to be issued.
  - b. If sample is single isolated positive result then disinfection of water system may be required followed by resampling after chlorine from disinfection has been flushed out of system.
- 2. Notify water system Level II Operator.
- 3. If required, FH Approved Boil Water Notice by posting signs at all water taps, both at standpipes at beach area and Alouette Group Campgrounds, and in washrooms.
- 4. Investigate any recent changes to the water system, including assessing the condition of wellhead, pressure tanks, water quality (colour, turbidity), and water pressure.
- 5. Notify water system Operator:
- 6. Contact appropriate services for maintenance/repair of the water system. Take any corrective action required. Record actions taken in water system log book.
- 7. Resample water supply upon consultation with Environmental Health Officer.
- 8. Further action may be required pending resampling results.
- 9. Boil Water Advisory is to continue until 2 sample results taken not less than 24 hours apart are negative for both E. Coli and total coliform. Environmental Health Officer must provide verbal or written approval prior to rescinding Boil Water Advisory, and written approval must be obtained later if verbal approval is given first.

#### **Chemical or Unknown Contaminant Entering the Water Supply**

In the event of an occurrence that could potentially contaminate a water system accidentally, or a chemical or unknow contaminant has entered the water supply, the PO in direct responsibility charge shall immediately take the following steps:

- 1. Contact Fraser Health Environmental Health Officer for consultation. Extensive testing of the water quality may be required.
- 2. Issue a "Flush Only" notice to all users of the water system.
- 3. Water may only be used for flushing toilets and may not be used for human consumption, food preparation or sanitation purposes until the contaminant is removed from the water system.
- 4. Investigates any possible sources of contaminant.
- 5. Take any corrective action required from the investigation. Record actions taken in water system log book.
- 6. Resample water supply upon consultation with Fraser Health Environmental Health Officer.
- 7. If contamination is still detected, then continue to investigate the source of the contamination and take corrective action as required.
- 8. If contaminant is no longer detected, consult with Fraser Health Environmental Health Officer to determine when the "Flush Only" notice can be rescinded.
- 9. Note: If PO not able to contact staff from Fraser Health PO must issue a notice to users of the water system immediately.
- 10. Report the occurrence to BC Parks. Refer to Park Emergency Call-Out List.
- 11. Report occurrence to water system Operator:
- 12. Document all relevant facts and circumstances on the BC Parks Complaint Occurrence Form.

#### Loss of Water Source (Pump failure or power failure)

- 1. Turn off pump in the pump house.
- 2. Shut down all outside water sources (standpipes).
- 3. Shut down all inside water sources (sinks).
- 4. Turn off tap at standpipes, and put up appropriate signage ("Do Not Use") on standpipes.
- 5. Notify all Park staff.
- 6. Notify all users of the problem.
- 7. Notify the Fraser Health Environmental Health Officer, Alouette Park Management Ltd. senior management, water system Operator and B.C. Parks Area Supervisor.
- 8. Contact outside agencies for advice and assistance if necessary.
- 9. Once problem is solved, restart water system following instructions from Fraser Health, take water samples and send in for testing.
- 10. Take down signs once given approval by Environmental Health Officer.
- 11. Document all events on BC Parks Complaint/Occurrence Report. Provide copies to BC Parks and Fraser Health Authority.

#### **Broken Water Main**

- 1. Reduce pressure (but maintain enough pressure to prevent backflow of water).
- 2. Call appropriate contact for repairs. Record actions taken in water system log book.
- 3. Notify users of interruption of service (i.ie. duration of interruption, corrective actions being taken) by posting notices at standpipes and washrooms.
- 4. Notify Fraser Health Environmental Health Officer and water system Operator.

#### **Criminal Tampering**

In the event of suspected criminal tampering with a water system, the PO in direct responsibility charge shall immediately take the following steps:

- 1. Turn off the water system, and do not turn it back on without consultation with the Fraser Health Environmental Health Officer. Follow all procedures required by FH.
- 2. Report the occurrence to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police. Phone 911
- 3. Report the occurrence to water system Operator
- 4. Report the occurrence to BC Parks. Refer to Park Emergency Call-Out List.
- 5. Document all relevant facts, evidence and circumstances on the BC Parks Complaint Occurrence Form. Record actions taken in water system log book.

#### Other Threats to the Drinking Water Supply

- If PO staff become aware of any situation or emergency which may cause a threat to the water supply, immediately nofity Fraser Health Environmental Health Officer and water system Operator
- 2. Notify all users of the threat to the water supply.
- 3. Record actions taken in water system log book.

#### **Water System Turn Off Procedures**

- 1. Turn off pump in the pump house.
- 2. Shut down all outside water sources (standpipes at beach and Alouette Group Campground).
- 3. Shut down all inside water sources (sinks). Put up appropriate signage ("Do Not Use") on standpipes and sinks.
- 4. Notify all Park staff.
- 5. Notify all users of the problem.
- 6. Notify the Fraser Health Environmental Health Officer, Alouette Park Management Ltd. senior management, and B.C. Parks Area Supervisor.
- 7. Contact outside agencies for advice and assistance if necessary.
- 8. Once problem is solved, refill water system if drained; take water samples and send in for testing.
- 9. Take down signs once given approval from Fraser Health Authority.
- 10. Document all events on BC Parks Complaint/Occurrence Report. Provide copies to BC Parks and Fraser Health Authority.

#### **EMERGENCY CONTACT LIST**

Emergency Contacts	Name/Company	Phone	Email or Fax
Facility Contacts			
Park Operator	Alouette Park Management Ltd.	604-466-8325	info@alouetteparks.ca
Staff(Alternative/Back-Up Contact)	Jamie Hall General Manager		james@alouetteparks.ca
Staff	Alex Westby Operations Manager		alex@alouetteparks.ca
Staff	Brandon Schofield Assistant Ops Manager		brandon@alouetteparks.ca
Company Manager	Stu Burgess		stu@alouetteparks.ca
Water System Operator			
Level II Operator	Keats Island Construction Services: Scott Benson		scott@kicas.ca
Fraser Health Authority			T
Fraser Health Authority			
Environmental Health Officer	Heather Slater	1-604-870-7900 loc 647902	Fax 1-604-852-1588
Fraser Health After Hours (after 4:30 pm or on weekends/stat. holidays)	Fraser Health On-Call Staff	604-527-4806	
Emergency Contacts			
Alternative Water Supplies	Allied Water Services	604-467-8628	
Plumbing Services	A&H Pumps	1-877-794-5544	Fax (604) 302-1301
Equipment Supplier (Pumps)	A&H Pumps	1-877-794-5544	Fax (604) 302-1301
\ 1 /	Bob's A to Z Rentals	604-463-8894	
B.C. Hydro		1-888-769-3766 1-888-POWERON	
Hospital	Ridge-Meadows	604-463-4111	
Police	Ridge-Meadows Detachment	9 1 1 Non emerg 604-463-6251	
BC Parks	Rebecca Fardy (Recreation Service Officer)	(604) 824-2314 (office)	rebecca.fardy@gov.bc.ca
Danie i II	24 Hour Emergency	1-888-549-8820	
Provincial Emergency Program		1-800-663-3456	



Report 1 - Detailed Well Record

240	250		30
Screen from	to feet	Туре	Slot Size
			Details of Closure:
Other Info Details:			Closure Backfill Material:
Other Info Flag:			Closure Sealant Material:
Site Info Details:			Method of Closure:
			Reason For Closure:
Screen Info Flag: Y			WELL CLOSURE INFORMATION:
Sieve Info Flag: N			
File Into Flag: N			Thickness (in):
Lithology Info Flag: Y			Depth (ft):
Bedrock Depth: feet			Method:
Well Cap Type:			Material:
Final Casing Stick Up: inch			Flag: 8
Elevation: feet (ASL)			SURFACE SEAL:
Well Depth: 250 feet			The same of the sa
Casing drive shoe:			Water Supply System Well Name: SOUTH REACH DAY USE
Construction Method: Drilled Diameter: 8.0 inches			Water Dillity: N Water Supply System Name: GOLDEN BARS PROVINCIAL PA
Construction Well Status:			manus marriages in
Observation Well Number: Observation Well Status:			Date into (SEAM): N
Well Use: Water Supply System Observation Well Number:	•		Field Chemistry Info Flag: Site Info (SEAN): N
Orientation of Well: Vertice Status of Well: New			EMS ID: Water Chemistry Info Flag: N
Subclass of Well:			Well Disinfected: N
Class of Wall:			Odour:
			Colour:
MCGS Number (NAD 27): 092G021	8433 Well: I		Character:
Island:			MATER QUALITY:
Quarter:			
Indian Reserve: Meridian: 1	Block:		Static Level: 196 feet
Township: Section: Range:	100		Artesian Freezure (ft):
District Lot: Flan: Lot:			Artesian Flow:
NEW WESTMINSTER Land District	•		Pump Test Info Flag: Y
WELL LOCATION:			Development Method:
			Well Yield: 120 (Driller's Estimate) Gallons per
Area: ALGUETTE LAKE			PRODUCTION DATA AT TIME OF DRILLING:
Address: GOLDEN BARS PROVINCE	TAL PARK - SOUTH BEACH/ALC	SUSTIN GROUPSITE SERVICE AR	MA Where Plate Attached: WELL CAP
			Plate Attached By: STEVE HEGGIE & BRAIN ROBERTS
Owner: BC PARKS LOWER MAINLAN	ND REGION		Well Identification Plate Number: 18760
			Driller: Rural Well Drillers
Well Tag Number: 21654			

1 of 1 10/06/2010 8:18 AM

# BOIL WATER NOTICE

#### Warning: Boil or Otherwise Treat Your Water Before Using

Date Issued:
The South Beach water system supplying this area has been contaminated with potentially harmful bacteria. E. Coli bacteria were found in the water supply on

#### WHAT SHOULD I DO?

- DO NOT DRINK the water without BOILING FIRST or otherwise treating the water.
- Boil water for 1 minute (rolling boil). Prefereably use a kettle so as to reduce the risk of burns. Let it COOL before using.
- You can choose to use Bottled Water
- Boiled or bottled water should be used for *DRINKING*, *COOKING*, *BRUSHING TEETH*, *WASHING READY-TO-EAT FOODS AND WASHING DISHES*.
- Store treated water in sanitary containers and keep refrigerated.

#### OTHER METHODS OF TREATING YOUR WATER

- CHLORINE: Household bleach (5%): Add 2 drops per liter and let stand for 30 minutes
   If water is cloudy or cold add 4 drops per liter.
- IODINE/CHLORINE TABLETS: see manufacturers' directions
- Note: Brita Water Filters will NOT provide treatment for microbes.

#### WHAT HAPPENED? WHAT IS BEING DONE?

Bacteria have entered the water system from an unknown source. We are working with the Fraser Health Authority to investigate/resolve this issue. We have disinfected and flushed the water system with chlorinated water, and will be monitoring continuing test results over the next few weeks.

We will inform you when the problem has been corrected and tests show no bacteria and you no longer need to boil your water. We apologize for the inconvenience.

This notice is posted by the Park Operator:

Alouette Park Management Ltd. (604) 466-8325 info@alouetteparks.ca

# DO NOT DRINK THE WATER (FLUSH ONLY)

Date Issued::
An Unknown Contaminant may have been into the South Beach water supply.
What should I do?
Do not use the water for DRINKING, COOKING, BRUSHING TEETH, WASHING READY TO EAT FOODS & WASHING DISHES OR BATHING.
<ul> <li>Water can only be used for FLUSHING TOILETS at this time.</li> </ul>
What happened? What is being done?
How long will this Flush Only last?  We are working with the Fraser Health Authority to investigate/resolve this issue We are currently:
We will inform you when the problem has been corrected and that the flush only notice is no longer in effect.
This notice is posted by Alouette Park Management Ltd., the Park Operator for Golden Ears Provincial Park.
Date Distributed:





### **Arsenic in Drinking Water**

Arsenic is found naturally in the rocks in the earth's crust. It can be found in some drinking water supplies, and wells. Drinking water containing arsenic can have serious short-term and long-term health effects.

## How does arsenic get into drinking water?

Arsenic can get into drinking water from natural deposits or runoff from agriculture, mining and industrial processes.

In B.C., natural minerals are the most common sources of arsenic in drinking water.

The amount of arsenic in ground water supplies like wells is usually higher than in surface water supplies such as lakes, streams and rivers.

## What are the health effects of arsenic exposure?

Short to medium term (days to weeks) exposure to very high levels of arsenic in drinking water can lead to arsenic poisoning.

Symptoms of exposure to high levels of arsenic include stomach pain, vomiting, diarrhea, and impaired nerve function, which may result in 'pins and needles' sensation or numbness and burning in hands and feet.

Arsenic can also cause skin changes, which include darkening, and wart-like or corn-like growths. These are mostly found on the palms of the hands or bottoms of the feet. Other symptoms can include skin flushing and rashes.

As children tend to drink more water per unit of body weight than adults, they may have more exposure to arsenic in drinking water. As a result children may be at greater risk of illness when higher levels of arsenic are present. Long-term (years to decades) exposure to even relatively low amounts of arsenic in drinking water can increase your risk of developing certain cancers, including:

- skin,
- · lung,
- · kidney,
- bladder, and
- liver.

The risk of cancer is the reason for developing the Canadian guideline for arsenic in drinking water. For more information on The Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality see, <a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/services/publications/healthy-living/guidelines-canadian-drinking-water-quality-guideline-technical-document-arsenic.html">https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/services/publications/healthy-living/guidelines-canadian-drinking-water-quality-guideline-technical-document-arsenic.html</a>.

## What amount of arsenic causes health effects?

Health Canada set a Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC) of 10 micrograms per litre for arsenic in drinking water. This can also be reported as 10  $\mu$ g/L, or as 0.010 milligrams per litre (mg/L).

This level was set based on the ability to treat water practicably to this level. This amount is still linked with a health risk higher than the level considered to be a very minor risk. For this reason people should consider taking precautions with their drinking water even if the arsenic levels are slightly below the guideline. Data collected in Canada indicates that the levels of arsenic in drinking water is usually less than 0.005 mg\L, but concentrations may be higher in some areas.

## How do I know if there is arsenic in my drinking water?

Public drinking water systems are monitored regularly. In drinking water, arsenic has no odor or taste and can only be detected by a chemical test.

Most private wells are not tested routinely for water quality or contaminants. It is the well owner's responsibility to test the water for arsenic. Any well may contain arsenic or other contaminants. Private wells should be tested regularly for water quality.

Contact your local public health unit or environmental health officer for information on the testing process in British Columbia.

For more information about private well water testing, see <u>HealthLinkBC File #05b Should I Get</u> My Well Water Tested?

## What can I do if there is arsenic in my drinking water?

Water with arsenic is only a concern if it is being used for drinking or preparing food.

Exposure through breathing and skin contact is not harmful. For example, there are no known health effects from hand washing, bathing or washing clothing in water with arsenic.

If an initial test detects arsenic, even at levels below the guideline, it is important to have a second test done to confirm the results. If your water tests positive for arsenic above the recommended level, you should use another source for drinking water or treat the current source.

There are several treatment devices and options including reverse osmosis filters and distillation. Chlorination and mechanical filters do not remove arsenic from water. Boiling water may increase the concentration of arsenic.

There is no regulatory control over treatment devices for private homes, therefore the well owner must be careful and select an appropriate treatment device that has been certified for the removal of arsenic.

When purchasing a treatment device, you should consider one that has been certified by an organization accredited by the Standards Council of Canada (SCC). The treatment device should meet the following standards:

- NSF/ANSI Standard 62 on drinking water distillation and adsorption systems; or
- Standard 58 on reverse osmosis drinking water treatment systems; or
- Standards 53 on drinking water treatment units
   with specific designation for the water quality parameters you are trying to remove (arsenic).

Certification assures that a device works as the manufacturer or distributor claims. Find an up-to-date list of accredited organizations by visiting Standards Council of Canada at <a href="https://www.scc.ca/en/accreditation/product-process-and-service-certification/directory-of-accredited-clients">www.scc.ca/en/accreditation/product-process-and-service-certification/directory-of-accredited-clients</a>.

For more information on drinking water and treatment options, contact your local environmental health officer.

#### For More Information

For more information about arsenic and drinking water, visit:

- B.C. Ministry of Environment Arsenic in Groundwater
   www2.gov.bc.ca/assets/gov/environment/airland-water/water/waterwells/as020715\_fin3.pdf
- Health Canada Arsenic in Drinking Water <u>www.canada.ca/en/health-</u> <u>canada/services/healthy-living/your-</u> <u>health/environment/arsenic-drinking-</u> water.html





## Preventing Water-Borne Infections For People with Weakened Immune Systems

## Who is at higher risk from water-borne infections?

People with very weak immune systems who are at higher risk of certain water-borne diseases include those with:

- HIV infection who have a CD4+ count of less than 100 cells/mm<sup>3</sup>;
- lymphoma or leukemia (hematological malignancies) who are being actively treated or have been in remission and off treatment for less than 1 year;
- hematopoietic stem cell transplant recipients; and
- people born with diseases that severely affect their immune systems.

Some people with weakened immune systems, such as those with certain types of cancers or taking certain medications, may not be at higher risk of severe water-borne diseases. These people do not need to take extra precautions with their drinking water.

Ask your doctor or nurse practioner how weak your immune system is, and whether you need to take extra precautions.

## How can drinking water become contaminated?

Drinking water can contain different organisms, including bacteria, viruses and parasites, which can cause disease. These organisms can exist in the source water, such as lake water, and survive through treatment, or they can enter the water supply in the distribution system.

Well water can be contaminated if the well is located or constructed in a way that the groundwater it draws from is at risk of containing pathogens (germs) such as a shallow well or a well drilled in fractured rock.

Surface water, such as rivers, lakes and streams, can also contain disease-causing organisms from animal feces.

If you have a weak immune system, you should not drink water from surface sources or groundwater at risk of containing pathogens, unless the water has been treated to remove or inactivate at least 99.9 per cent of parasites (protozoa), 99.99 per cent of viruses and all harmful bacteria.

Most community water systems in B.C. have effective treatment, such as disinfection or chlorination, against bacteria and viruses. However, in many cases, treatment may not provide a 99.9 per cent reduction in infectious parasites. Some water systems and many private supplies have no treatment at all. If the water you drink has not been disinfected, please refer to HealthLinkBC File #49b Disinfecting Drinking Water.

## How can I further treat disinfected water?

People with very weak immune systems should consult with their doctor or nurse practitioner and may need to take extra precautions with their drinking water.

**Boiling:** If your water supply has already been disinfected, bring the water to a full boil to inactivate any *Cryptosporidium* parasites - a major concern for people with weakened

immune systems. For more information, see <u>HealthLinkBC File #48 Cryptosporidium</u> Infection.

If the water has not already been disinfected, bring the water to a full boil for at least 1 minute. This will kill or inactivate bacteria, viruses and parasites. At elevations over 2,000 meters (6,500 feet), boil water for at least 2 minutes to disinfect it.

Do not drink or use tap water to brush your teeth, rinse your mouth, mix drinks or make ice cubes without boiling it first.

Please note that boiling water will get rid of viruses, bacteria and parasites but not chemicals which may be found in the water.

Reverse Osmosis (RO): RO is effective against all disease-causing organisms and many chemical contaminants. Unless it has a high capacity, it will only produce small amounts of water and waste a large volume. Speak to a water treatment specialist to see if this is the best option for you.

**Ultraviolet (UV) Treatment:** UV light will kill many disease-causing organisms, and is effective against almost all parasites. UV will not kill some bacterial spores and some viruses, so it should not be used unless the water supply is at least disinfected. UV treatment units should meet NSF Standard #55A.

**Filters:** Filters do not remove bacteria and viruses and should not be used unless the water supply is disinfected first.

If you plan to install a drinking water filter in your home, you will need a system labeled as Absolute 1 micron or smaller, and labeled as meeting ANSI/NSF International Standard #53 for removal of parasites.

Jug-type filters, such as a Brita<sup>®</sup>, which sit in a jug and allow water to trickle through, and some tap-mounted and built-in devices are not an appropriate solution. The jug filter models are not effective in removing many disease-causing organisms.

#### Can I drink bottled water?

Bottled water in B.C. may or may not have been treated. If you have a very weak immune system, check with the bottling company to find out what treatment, if any, it has had. Bottled water that has been properly treated using one of the methods listed above can be used for drinking, brushing teeth, making ice cubes and for recipes where water is used but not boiled, such as cold soups.

#### For More Information

For more information, including the level of treatment in your local water system, contact your drinking water purveyor or supplier, or the local environmental health officer or drinking water officer. To find your health authority's drinking water contact visit <a href="https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/environment/air-land-water/water/water-quality/drinking-water-quality/health-authority-contacts">www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/environment/air-land-water/water/water-quality/drinking-water-quality/health-authority-contacts</a>.

For more information about water-borne infections and how to safely disinfect your drinking water, see the following HealthLinkBC Files:

- HealthLinkBC File #49a Water-borne Infections in British Columbia
- HealthLinkBC File #49b Disinfecting Drinking Water
- HealthLinkBC File #69b Feeding Your Baby Formula: Safely Making and Storing Formula

#### Metals in Drinking Water – a message from Fraser Health

Anytime the water in a particular faucet has not been used for six hours or longer, "flush" your cold-water pipes by running the water until you notice a change in temperature. (This could take as little as five to thirty seconds if there has been recent heavy water use such as showering or toilet flushing. Otherwise, it could take two minutes or longer.) The more time water has been sitting in your home's pipes, the more lead it may contain.

Use only water from the cold-tap for drinking, cooking, and especially making baby formula. Hot water is likely to contain higher levels of lead.

The two actions recommended above are very important to the health of your family. They will probably be effective in reducing lead levels because most of the lead in household water usually comes from the plumbing in your house, not from the local water supply.

Conserving water is still important. Rather than just running the water down the drain you could use the water for things such as watering your plants.