KOOTENAY LAKE PROVINCIAL PARK (COFFEE CREEK SITE)

PURPOSE STATEMENT AND ZONING PLAN

February 2003

Approved by:

Wayne Stetski Regional Manager

Environmental Stewardship Division

Date: February 20/03

Nancy Wilkin

Assistant Deputy Minister

Environmental Stewardship Division

Date: May - 31/03

KOOTENAY LAKE PROVINCIAL PARK (Coffee Creek Site)

Purpose Statement and Zoning Plan

Primary Role

The **primary role** of the Coffee Creek site of Kootenay Lake Provincial Park is to provide outstanding recreation opportunities that contribute to the role of Kootenay Lake as a boating, camping and fishing destination. Kootenay Lake is the second largest lake in British Columbia. Stretching over 100 km in length and nestled between the Purcell Mountains and the Selkirk Mountains, this scenic lake has a variety of interesting natural and cultural shoreline features that complement an outstanding sport fishery.

Kootenay Lake Provincial Park is comprised of five sites, which are widely dispersed, mainly small areas along the Kootenay Lake shoreline. The Coffee Creek site is a secluded beach area centrally situated close to the confluence of the north and south arms of Kooteray Lake. A small bay along the foreshore and fishing opportunities at the outlet of Coffee Creek are the most popular attractions within the park. In addition, the proximity to other provincial park sites along Kootenay Lake makes it a desirable stop over for multi-day kayaking trips.

The provincial park no longer has vehicle access because of a recent major mud/debris slide on the lower sections of the Coffee Creek Forest Service Road. The lack of vehicle access has increased the site's popularity as a destination for boaters.

Secondary Role

The **secondary role** is to protect the riparian corridor of Coffee Creek as it flows through the northern fringes of the park and into Kootenay Lake. Bull trout, a known species at risk (blue-listed), utilize Coffee Creek for spawning and are a critical component to the Kootenay Lake fishery. To protect this essential spawning area, regulations prohibit recreational angling along the creek. Fishing is allowed only at the outlet into Kootenay Lake.

Known Management Issues	Response
Invasive weed infestations (e.g.	Inventory, monitoring, develop and
knapweed) along beachfront.	implement control strategies.
Coffee Creek washout (1999) removed	No new road/trails to foreshore constructed.
vehicle/pedestrian access.	Shift to marine access only.

Known Management Issues	Response	
Protection of bull trout spawning and rearing habitat.	The section of Coffee Creek within the park is closed to fishing. Monitoring and enforcement when appropriate.	
	Liaison with MoF to determine and mitigate negative effects of upstream logging/road development.	

Zoning

Intensive Recreation (approximately 9% of the site)

Objective: To provide for a variety of readily accessible, facility-oriented outdoor recreation opportunities.

Natural Environment (approximately 91% of the site)

Objective: To protect scenic values and to provide for recreation opportunities in a largely undisturbed natural environment.

Conservation

Representation	_	
-ecosection		1/3 of the park is contained within the Central Columbia Mountains (CCM) ecosection. The CCM Ecosection is well represented (19%) in the protected areas system. Kootenay Lake Provincial Park (all sites) contributes scarcely to total province wide representation of CCM (0.04%). Remainder of Coffee Creek situated in the Southern Columbia Mountains (SCM) Ecosection which is under represented in the protected areas system (6.38%). Kootenay Lake Provincial Park (all sites) is a negligible contributor to the protected areas system representation of the SCM (0.58%).
-biogeoclimatic subzone/variant		Province-wide ICHdw is under represented (4%). Kootenay Lake Provincial Park (all sites) contributes minimally to protected areas system representation of ICHdw (1.74%).
Special Feature		None identified.
Rare/Endangered Values		Spawning habitat for bull trout (b). Other values not yet assessed.
Scientific/Research Values		None identified.
Representation	ion	
-backcountry		Not applicable.
-destination		Small, but popular boating destination. Contributes to resort, cottage community and marina infrastructure on Kootenay Lake.
-travel corridor		Not applicable.
-local recreation	\boxtimes	Camping (5 sites), picnicking, boating, swimming and fishing.
Special Opportunities		None identified.

Education/Interpretation Opportunities	Ш	None identified.			
Cultural Heritage					
Representation		Not yet assessed.			
Special Features		None identified.			
Other Management Considerations					
Other designations		None identified.			
Relationship to other PAs		1 of 4 marine accessible parks on the north arm of Kootenay Lake. Along the western shore of Kootenay Lake, Lost Ledge and Davis Creek are within 42 km and 52 km respectively. Cody Caves is the closest park, 6 km to the northwest.			
Cooperative Management Arrangements		None identified.			
Partnerships		None identified.			
Vulnerability	\boxtimes	Upstream logging may adversely effect spawning habitat (siltation, debris flows).			
Relationship to other Strategies		None identified.			
Area: 52 hectares					
Date of Establishment: December 4, 1987					

