# SIKANNI CHIEF FALLS PROTECTED AREA

## PURPOSE STATEMENT AND ZONING PLAN February 2004

Approved by:

Andy Ackerman Regional Manager

Environmental Stewardship Division

Nancy Wilkin

Assistant Deputy Minister

Environmental Stewardship Division

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## SIKANNI CHIEF FALLS PROTECTED AREA Purpose Statement and Zoning Plan

Sikanni Chief Falls Protected Area is located approximately 200 kilometres northwest of Fort St. John. The falls are approximately 15 kilometres west of the Alaska Highwayand may be accessed by gravel road. The site was established as a protected area under the *Environment and Land Use Act* in 2001 to allow for directional drilling for petroleum and natural gas and for the continuation of a sand and gravel pit as directed by the Fort St. John Land and Resource Management Plan (LRMP).

## **Primary Role**

The **primary** role of Sikanni Chief Falls Protected Area is to protect the natural, historic and scenic values of the falls and surrounding area. Sikanni Chief Falls Protected Area is representative of the Muskwa Plateau Ecosection and the Boreal White and Black Spruce moist warm, Fort Nelson variant (BWBSmw2).

An important historic site, this protected area and the surrounding region have been the focus of paleontological excavations for dinosaur fossils. The protected area also supports a year round mountain goat population, with important mineral licks nearby. The Sikanni Chief Falls are considered by regional staff to have significant value as a naturally occurring waterfall. There has also been a historic First Nations presence in the area, however, details are currently unknown.

#### **Secondary Role**

The **secondary** role of the protected area is to maintain the wilderness setting and traditional wilderness recreation and tourism opportunities. A 1.5 kilo metre trail from the parking lot (trailhead) leads to a viewpoint adjacent to the falls. The falls and its associated historical and wildlife values are of special interest to paleontologists and other naturalists. The trail is well marked and is a hiking trail only. The protected area provides opportunities for study, viewing and appreciation of the natural and cultural values of the protected area.

Sikanni Chief Falls Protected Area is considered a small area, nevertheless it provides a wonderful opportunity for fishing, mountain goat viewing, hiking, hunting, photography and appreciation of the falls.

Known Management Issues	Response
Wildlife/human interactions	Maintain records of wildlife occurrences and wildlife-human interactions, ensure appropriate waste management and disposal within the protected area (e.g. hear soft waste containers)
II	bear safe waste containers)
Human safety – around the falls	Maintain appropriate signage
Gravel pit presence in protected area	Reclamation of the site once abandoned

### **Zoning**

The entire protected area (605 lectares) is zoned Special Feature.

#### **CONSERVATION**

## Representation

• ecosection Contributes minimally to the representation of the Muskwa

Plateau Ecosection This ecosection is under-represented (3.41%) in the protected areas system. Sikanni Chief Falls Protected Area contributes only 0.92% of the overall protected

area representation of this ecosection.

• biogeoclimatic subzone/variant

Contributes minimally to the representation of BWBSmw2 which is under-represented in the protected areas system (2.18%). Sikanni Chief Falls Protected Area contributes only 0.54% of the protected areas system representation of this biogeoclimatic variant.

Special Feature

X Sikanni Chief Falls is a significant natural waterfall, and contributes to the protection of a small but important goat population.

Rare/Endangered Values

Scientific/Research Opportunities X Paleontology and geology of area; historical significance

#### RECREATION

## Representation:

- backcountry
- destination
- travel corridor
- local recreation X Old Forest Service site; river fishing, hiking, photography, viewing Sikanni Chief Falls

**Special Opportunities** 

Education/Interpretation Opportunities

### **CULTURAL HERITAGE**

Representation First Nations; cultural value is unknown

Special Feature

## OTHER MANAGEMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Other Designations

Relationship to Other PAs

Co-operative Management

Arrangements

Gravel extraction still occurs under permit.

Partnerships Possibly the Royal Tyrrell Museum

Vulnerability

Relationship to Other

Strategies

X Established in 2001 as a result of the Fort St. John Land and

Resource Management Plan (LRMP).

**Date of establishment:** January 25, 2001

**Area:** 605 hectares

